

XMSS: Extended Hash-Based Signatures

(draft-irtf-cfrg-xmss-hash-based-signatures-03)

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New Message Hash

Randomized hashing ($dgst = H(R_i, M_i)$) allows for Multi-Target-Attacks

- After q signatures, find (R, M) such that $H(R, M) = H(R_i, M_i)$ for $0 \leq i < q$
- Security level for n bit hash function: $n - \log q$

Fix: Add index for domain separation

- -03 uses $dgst = H(R_i, i, M_i)$
- Prevents Multi-Target-Attacks in practice but no formal proof (but proof trivial in random oracle model).

Addressing Scheme

-02:

- Fields were crossing byte and word boundaries
- Annoying for implementers

-03:

- Addresses redesigned to respect byte and word boundaries (where possible)

RGLC topics

- Instantiation (used hash function)
- Addressing Scheme
- Generation of randomness for message hash
- Few more minor comments

Instantiation

- Currently:
 - SHA2-256 + ChaCha20 (mandatory)
 - SHA2-512 (mandatory)
- Discussion:
 - Adding SHA3 parameter sets? Optional or required?
 - Make SHA2-512 optional? (256 bit quantum security, 512 classical security)
 - Pure SHA2-256 as mandatory? (Code size / NIST support)

Instantiation

- Proposal:
 - SHA2-256 (mandatory)
 - Replace ChaCha20 by simplified HMAC construction (just prepend padded key, fine as dealing with fixed input size)
 - SHA2-512 (optional)
 - Same constructions as for SHA2-256
 - SHA3-256/512 (optional)
 - Proposal by van Assche / Daemon
 - Actually using SHAKE128 / SHAKE256

Addressing Scheme

- Introduces limits on parameter sets
- Critic: 40 bits for tree index not enough (indeed, not enough for SPHINCS)
- Address space currently exhausted
- Would need bigger addresses -> prevents use of ChaCha for key / bitmask generation -> speed penalty

Addressing Scheme

- Proposal:
 - Remove ChaCha20 instantiation
 - Increase address length to 32 bytes (currently 16 bytes)
 - Allows to assign sufficient space to all fields without crossing byte boundaries

Generation of R

- Currently „common approach“:

$$R = \text{PRF}(\text{SK}, M)$$

- As XMSS is stateful, we could do

$$R = \text{PRF}(\text{SK}, \text{idx})$$

+ processing message just once

- different from other schemes

Opinions?

Thank you!
Questions?

